Magnum as a superbattery

Use of CO₂ neutral hydrogen in flexible gas plants





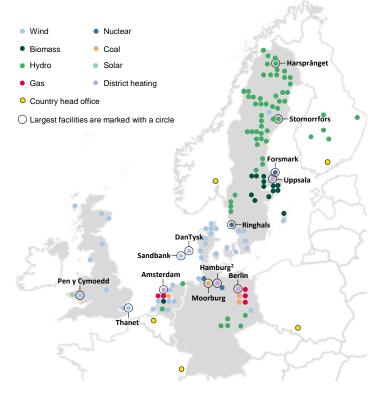
This is Vattenfall

We will help power our customers to live free from fossil fuels within one generation

Basic facts

- One of Europe's largest producers of electricity and heat
- 100% owned by the Swedish state
- Main products: electricity, heat, gas and energy services
- Main markets: Sweden, Germany, Netherlands, Denmark and the UK
- About 20,000 employees

Location of our operations and major plants





Vattenfall has won the two most recent tenders for offshore wind in NL





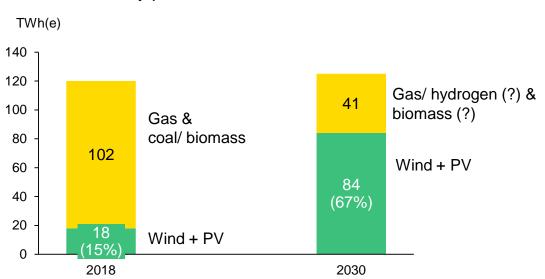
Vattenfall wins tender for Dutch offshore wind power

Vattenfall has won the tender for the second phase of the Dutch offshore wind farm Hollandse Kust Zuid (HKZ) 3 & Dutch offshore wind farm Hollandse Kust Zuid (HKZ) 3 & A. In September 2018, Vattenfall was granted permits to build the first phase, HKZ 1 & 2. The wind farms will have a capacity of approximately 1.5 GW combined and will a capacity of approximately 1.5 GW combined farms become the two first non-subsidized offshore wind farms in the world when commissioned.



Towards 2030, intermittent renewable electricity production will increase significantly, increasing need for (decarbonized) flexible electricity

Electricity production in The Netherlands

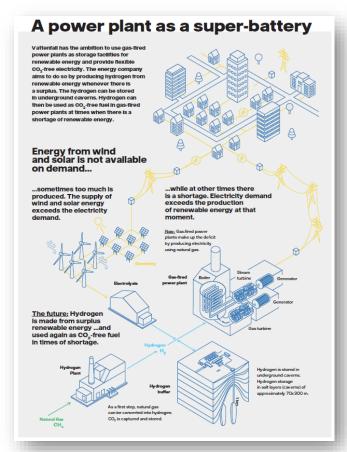


- Coal phase out by 2030
- Increasing need for flexible (decarbonized) power to match supply and demand
- Hydrogen production from green electricity can decarbonize other sectors & strengthen business case for additional renewable capacity



Decarbonization options for CO₂ –free flexible power are few Use of hydrogen in gas plants is the preferred option for Vattenfall

- Options to deliver CO2-free flexible power are few
 - o Post-combustion CCS on (existing or new) CCGTs
 - Biomass in new plants or in existing coal plants, which can not fire coal after 2030 anymore
 - Use of CO₂-neutral H₂ (blue/ green) in CCGTs
- Use of H₂ in gas plants:
 - o Decarbonizes Vattenfall's generation portfolio
 - Provides long-term value to the Dutch electricity system
- Hydrogen can be an important element in the future Dutch energy system, with multiple applications.
 - Green H₂ from excess electricity is only limitedly available until after 2030
 - Blue hydrogen can kick-start a hydrogen economy, enabling realisation of a hydrogen infrastructure





Summary of the H2M project

- Goal: 1 Magnum turbine on blue hydrogen by 2025
 - Cooperation with Equinor and Gasunie
- MHPS technology partner for Vattenfall
- Kick-start H₂ economy:
 - Realisation of hydrogen infrastructure
 - Development of hydrogen demand
- CO₂ emission reduction: up to 2 Mt/yr
- Gradual transition to green H₂





Hydrogen can play a key role in the energy transition, but key requirements will need to be established

Carbon pricing Sufficient supply of fossilfree electricity **Incentives** Regulatory Scale-up and cost Market decrease of fossil-free H₂ Certificates (Guarantees of Origin) Increased demand for fossil-free H₂ Legal framework Infrastructure and supply chains National and EU funding



Key messages

- ✓ Hydrogen combustion in CCGTs is one of the very few options to deliver CO₂free flexible power (in NL context)
- ✓ The H2M project is technically feasible and has the potential to facilitate a kickstart of a hydrogen economy in The Netherlands from 2025
- ✓ Combustion of hydrogen is still more expensive than the fossil alternative, financial support will be required to realize the transition
- ✓ Green hydrogen will become available, and cost will come down



