SHARP Storage

Stress history and reservoir pressure for improved quantification of CO₂ storage containment risks



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SHARP Consortium

- Norway: NGI, Equinor, Norsar, NTNU, Alcatel (ASN)
- UK: U.Oxford, Rockfield, BGS, BP
- Denmark: GEUS, INEOS, WintershallDea
- Netherlands: TU Delft, Risktec, Shell
- India: IIT Bombay, Equinor, EIL, Oil India, Shell







SHARP main aim

The overall aim is to increase the accuracy of subsurface CO₂ storage containment risk management through the improvement and integration of subsurface stress models, rock mechanical failure and seismicity observations











Background for SHARP project

To reach climate goals, gigatonne-per-year scale CO₂ injection is critical

Uncertainties related to the geomechanical response of CO₂ injection is high

There is potential to improve the risk assessment integrating stress field observations, rock failure models and seismicity data





Objective

- Basin- and site-scale geomechanical models for the North Sea
- New integrated earthquake catalogues and stress maps
- Characterize deformation, failure, flow and seismic properties







Objective

- Cost-effective strategies for monitoring induced seismicity "right time-right place"
- Improve sub-surface risk management
- Communicate technology development on containment risk to industry and regulators









Case studies for value demonstration







Impact

Facilitate the emergence of CCS as a response to the demand for sustainable storage in Europe and globally

Demonstrate technology that can ensure safe and cost efficient operation of offshore geological storage locations

Contribute with knowledge framework and databases of relevant data for CO2 storage maturation and regulation

Provide scientific base for risk communication to public and regulators





SHARP WP structure



WP6 Management and impact creation





SHARP management structure











Work in progress highlights:





North Sea Earthquake Catalogue



Stress measurements from wells



Work in progress highlights:



Examples of a geological cross-section and interpreted 2D seismic data for the western part of Dogger Bank showing the complex folding and thrusting within the shallow subsurface (Phillips et al., 2022)

↓ **SHARP** → Storage Define effects of glaciation on stress state



Methodologies for risk quantification – Two Deliverables in place





Deliverable 5.1: Guideline for uncertainty quantification of rock mechanical properties Deliverable 5.2: Methodology for quantitative modelling of CO₂ storage containment risks



To be available on website : <u>https://sharp-storage-act.eu/dissimination-and-results/</u>



More about SHARP:

- Check out or webpage: https://sharp-storage-act.eu/
- Follow us on Twitter: @sharp_co2
- RISK workshop at GEUS, September 28-29 (in-person event)
 - <u>https://sharp-storage-act.eu/uncategorized/first-announcement-of-sharp-risk-workshop-save-the-dates/</u>
- Come talk to us at our poster-stand in Lyon









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